

Countdown to Quebec's New Privacy Law

Appointment of Privacy Officer

Each business is **required** to appoint a **Privacy Officer** to ensure the protection of **personal information**.

September 2022

Mandatory Breach Reporting

New requirements including a more prescriptive definition of a confidentiality incident.

New Biometric Requirements

Notification to regulators (CAI) and express consent of the individual of the use of biometrics systems for the verification or confirmation of identity.

September 2023

Consent

required for the collection of sensitive information.

2023

Enhanced Transparency

Clearly stated purposes for means and collection of PI, rights of access and rectification and the right to withdraw consent and the possibility that the information may be communicated outside Québec, and the names or categories/third parties to whom it is necessary to communicate the information for the required purposes.

Privacy by Default

Obligations stating that a public-facing technological product or service that has privacy parameters be set by default (without user intervention) at the highest confidentiality level.

Data Transfers

Organization must conduct an informal privacy protection assessment for any communication of personal information outside of Québec, regardless of the destination jurisdiction.

Automated Processing

Provide notice when exclusively using automated decision making to render a decision and upon request, the business must make available additional information concerning the decision-making process, namely, the reasons and parameters that led to the decision.

September 2024

Data Portability

Data portability rights in addition to right of access dictating that a person may request that their PI be communicated or transferred to the person/third-party in a structured and commonly used format.

ed complaint and investigative procedures, administrative monetary inal offences with significant fines, and a private right of action.